

High thermal conduction insulation that conforms to complex uneven spaces

## Clay-like thermally conductive material





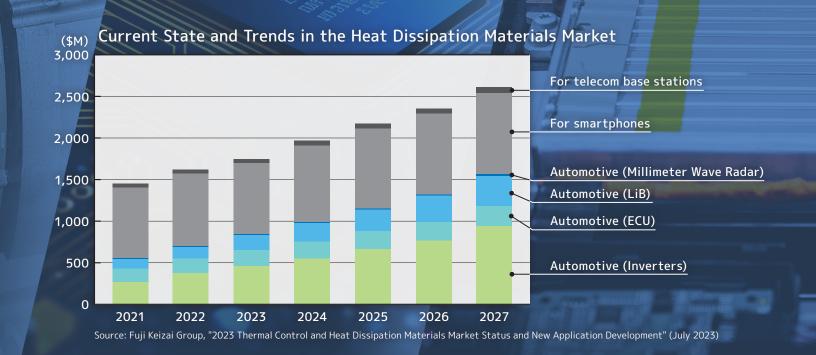
## Trends in the heat dissipation materials market

### 1. Market size trending upward

- ·Global market to grow to 1.5 times current size from 2022 to 2027
- ·The market for units for EVs will grow in particular

## 2. Heating values will increase due to higher unit output and density

·Trend toward higher thermal conductivity for thermally conductive materials



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# There is demand for materials that can overcome the weak points of conventional thermally conductive materials

### Comparison of typical thermally conductive material characteristics

Characteristic	Sheet	Grease	Gap filler	NOK Clay type
Adhesion to uneven surfaces, gaps	×	Δ	0	0
Pump-out, bleed-out	©	Δ	0	©
Stress on mating surface	Δ	0	0	0
Temperature change and vibration followability	©	×	0	0
Storage stability	0	0	Δ	0
Auto-application	×	0	0	0

### Clay-like thermally conductive material...

- Needs no curing reaction-easy handling
   Adheres easily to uneven surfaces and gaps
- Is pump-out and bleed-out resistant
- Puts less stress on mating surfaces
   Can be auto-applied



Clay-like thermally conductive material overcomes the weak points of conventional thermally conductive materials



## Soft, Low-Adhesion, Thin and Stretchable

Freely deformable clay-like thermally conductive material



## Soft and clay-like

- · Highly deformable
- · Fills 3D, curved surfaces and complex spaces

## Superior handling and reworkability

- · No flowing at room temperature, no pumping out at high temperatures
- · No work process or installation site contamination

## Has electrical insulation properties

 Usable around electric circuits and electronic components



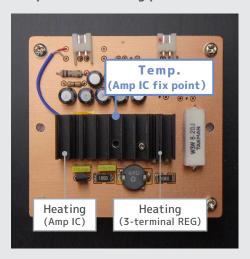
## **Excellent thermal conductivity efficiency**

due to high deformability compared to competitors' 5.7W/mK

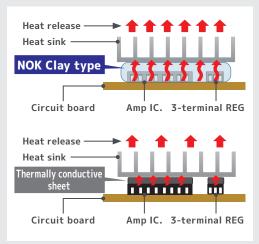
### Comparison of IC temperature rise control by thermally conductive materials \*Based on in-house assessment

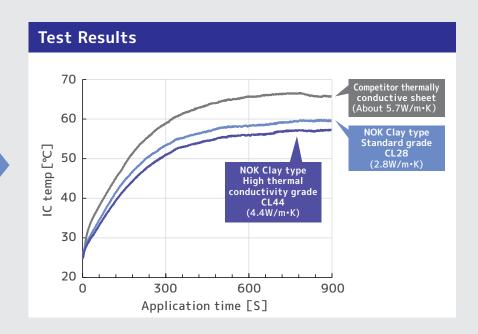
Heat generated from amplifier ICs and 3-terminal regulators is measured at the temperature sensing part. Comparing heat transfer effect heat sink: Competitor's thermally conductive sheet (5.7 W/m-K) vs. NOK Clay Standard Grade and High Thermal Conductivity Grade.

## Circuit board heating and temperature sensing parts



## Thermally conductive material Installation Configuration







# Low Viscosity Specs Allow Dispensing Application...

...while retaining clay-like properties

### Low viscosity doubles application speed with improved followability.

\*Based on in-house assessment

Softer than conventional products, with smoother application.

The result: application speed 2x that of conventional products, and faster line and dot application speeds. Of course, dispensing thick lines is also easy.

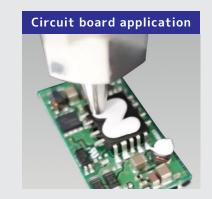
On top of that, improved followability enables adhesion to uneven surfaces and gaps on the heating surface with less force than conventional methods.



NOK Clay type introductory video







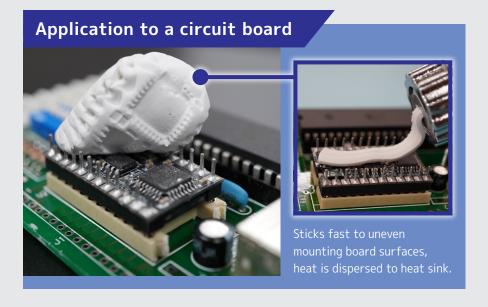




# Superior heat-resistance, insulation and deformability lets you

Use it where existing thermally conductive materials can't go







# Select from 3 types according to usage environment

New grade with both high thermal conductivity and heat resistance added

Item		CL28		(unde	CL44 (under development)		CLD31 (under development)			Test Method	
Color		White		White		White			-		
Specific weight			2.8		3.0		2.8			_	
Hardness (unwor	ked penetration)		120		120		220		JIS K2220		
Thermal conduct	civity W/m·K		2.8			4.4			3.1		Hot wire method
Recommended w	orking temp.      °C	-40~200			-40~200			<b>−40~150</b>		-	
Volume resistivit	Ω·cm	>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>		>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>		7.6×10 <sup>12</sup>		JIS K6249 (Drying treatment 105℃/24h)			
Breakdown strer	ngth (AC) kV/mm		7.6		8.4		4.5		JIS C2110		
Voltage enduran	ce(1min) kV/mm		6.5		7.0		9.5		JIS C2110		
	Frequency	100Hz	1kHz	1MHz	100Hz	1kHz	1MHz	100Hz	1kHz	1MHz	-
Dielectric characteristics	Relative permittivity	6.2	6.0	5.9	9.8	7.8	7.0	8.5	6.7	6.1	JIS C2138
	Dissipation factor	0.023	0.011	0.006	0.321	0.111	0.010	0.351	0.105	0.008	JIS C2138
Flame retardance	Flame retardance V-0 equivalent		nt	V-0 equivalent		HBF equivalent			UL94		
Low molecular sile *Actual measure	ular siloxane (D3-D10) ppm easured value 189		44		56			140°C×10min (GC/MS)			

<sup>\*</sup>NOK's Clay-like Thermally conductive material series is REACH and RoHS compliant. \*CL44 and CLD31 grades are products under development. (specifications are subject to change without notice.)



# Clay-like thermally conductive material is resistant to environmental changes Heat transfer characteristics are stable over the long term from low to high temperatures

CL28		Untreated	−40°C (1,000h)	<b>150℃</b> (1,000h)	200℃ (1,000h)	85°C/95%Rh (1,000h)	-40°C⇔150°C (each 30min×1,000cycle)
Hardness (unworked penetra	ation)	120	115	-	130	185	125
Thermal conductivity	W/m·K	2.8	2.9	_	3.0	2.9	3
Breakdown strength (AC)	kV/mm	7.6	8.7	-	8.2	7.7	8.0
Volume resistivity	$\Omega \cdot cm$	>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>	1.5×10 <sup>12</sup>	_	>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>	2.3×10 <sup>12</sup>	>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>

CL44 (under developm	ent)	Untreated	−40°C (1,000h)	150℃ (1,000h)	200℃ (1,000h)	85°C/95%Rh (1,000h)	-40°C⇔200°C (each 30min×1,000cycle)
Hardness (unworked penetra	ation)	120	120	_	120	80	115
Thermal conductivity	W/m·K	4.4	4.4	_	4.4	4.8	4.4
Breakdown strength (AC)	kV/mm	8.4	12.0	-	8.2	7.6	7.6
Volume resistivity	$\Omega \cdot cm$	3.6×10 <sup>10</sup>	8.4×10 <sup>9</sup>	_	>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>	2.5×10 <sup>8</sup>	>2.7×10 <sup>13</sup>

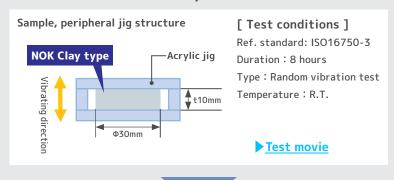
CLD31 (under develop	ment)	Untreated	-40°C (1,000h)	<b>150℃</b> (1,000h)	200℃ (1,000h)	85°C/95%Rh (1,000h)	-40°C⇔150°C (each 30min×1,000cycle)
Hardness (unworked penetra	ation)	220	210	190	-	205	195
Thermal conductivity	W/m·K	3.1	3.1	3.1	-	3.4	3.1
Breakdown strength (AC)	kV/mm	4.5	5.0	4.9	-	5.4	4.5
Volume resistivity	$\Omega \cdot cm$	3.0×10 <sup>12</sup>	2.8×10 <sup>12</sup>	2.4×10 <sup>13</sup>	-	9.2×10 <sup>10</sup>	1.3×10 <sup>13</sup>

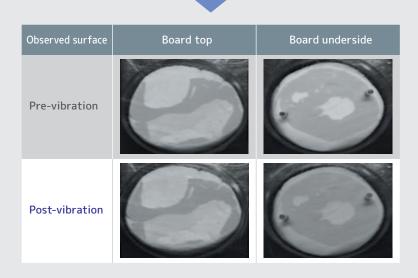


## Clay-like thermally conductive material is vibration-resistant

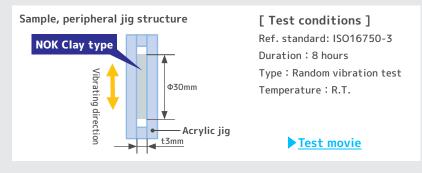
No peeling, shape change, or misalignment even in long-term vibration tests

#### **Pre-Test and Post-Test Comparison with CL28**





### Pre-Test and Post-Test Comparison with 3 types



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仕様	CL28	CL44	CLD31
Pre-vibration			
Post-vibration			



## Introduction of Sales Style and EC Sales Sites

### Sales Style

\*The CL44 and CLD31 packages under development are subject to change.







### **EC Sales Sites**

\*This site only handles CL28 products



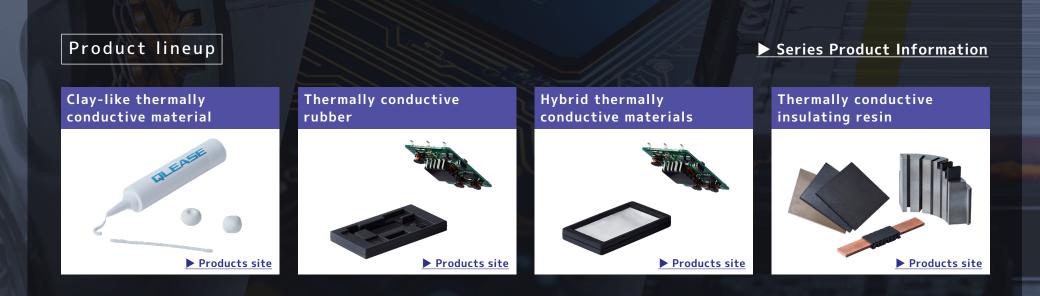


# Thermally Conductive Materials

Unlike conventional thermally conductive sheets,

NOK Thermally Conductive Material Series is a new type of thermally conductive material that improves heat transfer and adhesion.

By utilizing NOK's technology that has been cultivated up to now, it is possible to minimize the insulating layer of air between the heat source and the heat dissipation material, and transfer heat efficiently.





# Support

# NOK supports your development

#### Dependable



NOK's products are backed by repeated research on the materials used and mechanical designs. They are highly dependable and have been used for many years in a wide variety of machines.

### Technology development



NOK's self-contained development system covers the entire process from product design to product inspection. We actively integrate R&D and production technologies to create unique, cuttingedge technologies and products.

#### Material technology



Material technology is one of NOK's core technologies. We have been working on the material compounding and chemical analysis technologies needed to develop rubber and adhesives used in seal products.

### Global development



NOK has established production bases around the world, including Japan, China, and elsewhere in Asia, and have built a stable supply system to meet our customers' needs.

For consultations and inquiries, feel free to contact us using this form.



# Links

## Get access to NOK's latest info

NOK posts the latest information on X(formerly Twitter) and YouTube.

